

Saved  
version



Chiyoda City

Let's learn the region's characteristics and prepare in case something happens!

# Hazard map

◆ Flood Hazard Map (Kandagawa River version and Arakawa River version)

◆ Storm Surge Hazard Map ◆ Sediment Disaster Hazard Map

Every member of your family should know evacuation sites!



List of underground malls, etc., and facilities for use by persons requiring consideration in areas including where floods are expected to occur  
It includes information on the facilities such as underground malls, which are highly dangerous, and facilities such as hospitals and schools used by persons requiring consideration.  
You can check it from the two-dimensional code.



Landforms of Chiyoda City  
Evacuation decision flow

Kandagawa River version  
(flood depth)

Kandagawa River version  
(flood duration)

Arakawa River version  
(flood depth and flood duration)

Flood Hazard Map

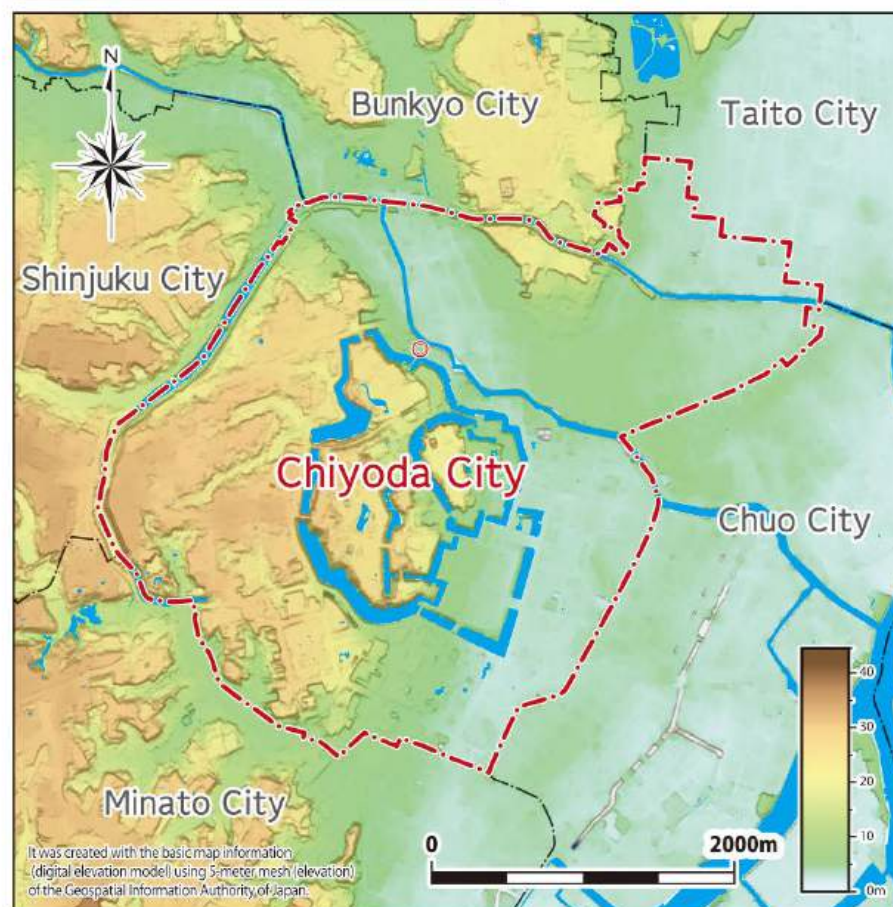
Storm Surge  
Hazard Map

Sediment Disaster  
Hazard Map

My Timeline  
of my family



## Landforms of Chiyoda City



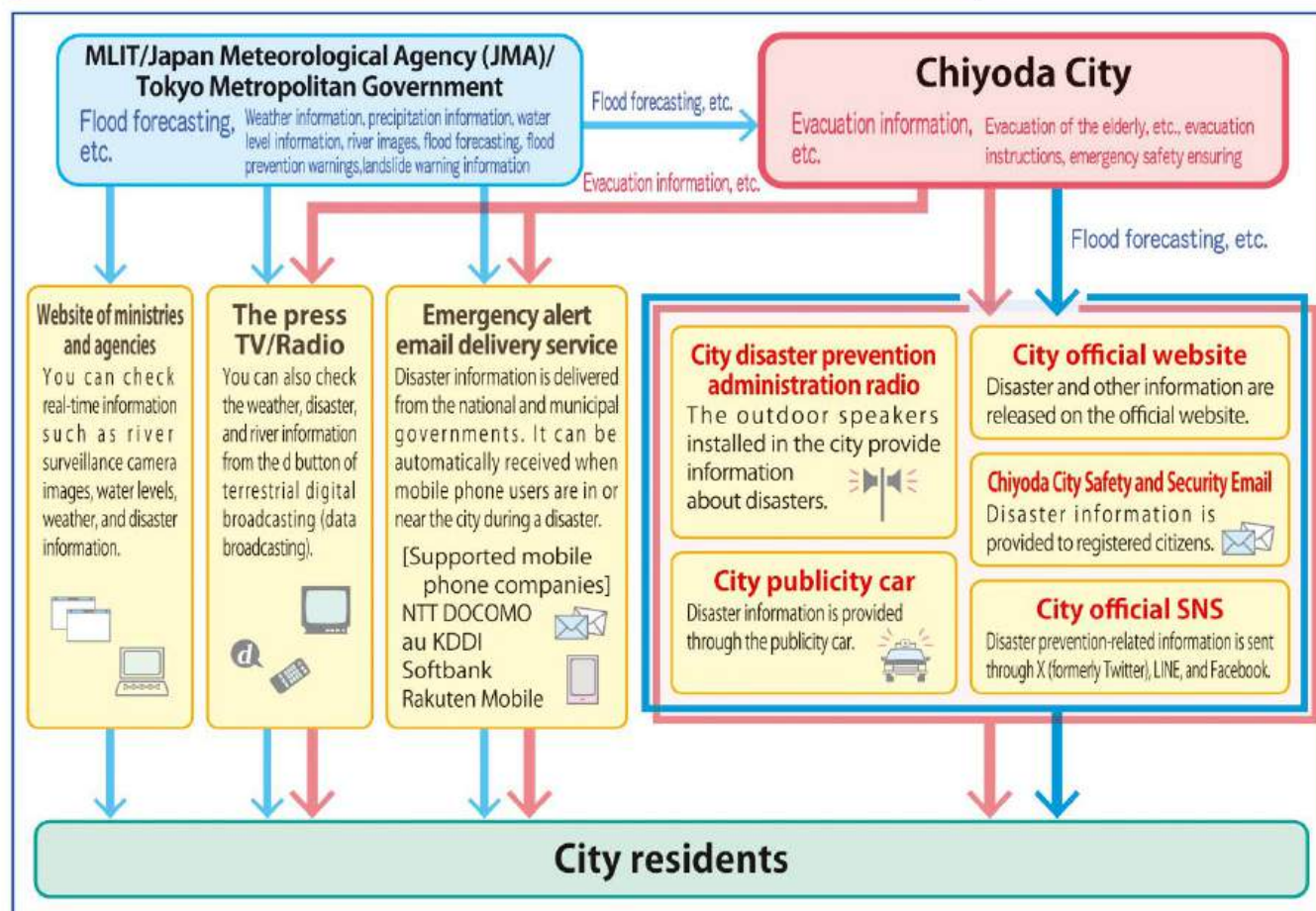
The landforms of Chiyoda City can be divided into a lowland area east of the Imperial Palace and a plateau area west of it.

The lowland area can be divided into the area from Hibiya to Otemachi, an area reclaimed from a shallow sea that used to be called Hibiya Irie, and the area from Kanda to Iidabashi of a buried terrace surface called Edomae-jima Island. Also, the Kandagawa River and Chidorigafuchi are the remains of the valley where the plateau was opened.

Of the lowland areas, the Kanda area is called Shitamachi (low town), and the Hibiya area was reclaimed during the Edo period, making it a flat land with an altitude of around 2 to 5 meters.

The plateau is located on the eastern edge of the diluvial plateau called Yodobashi-dai. Edo Castle, which is now the Imperial Palace, is built with a honmaru at the end of the plateau, surrounded by a moat that uses the lowland area on the east side and incised valley.

## Evacuation information transmission method and route



## Information acquisition method and evacuation behavior decision flow

When a large typhoon is approaching, and at other times, it is important to obtain weather information in advance and act early. In particular, the following information is important when you make an evacuation decision, so check it thoroughly.

- Path of typhoon
- Forecast of future wind and rain (peak time)
- River water level information
- Hazard distribution of landslide disaster, etc.

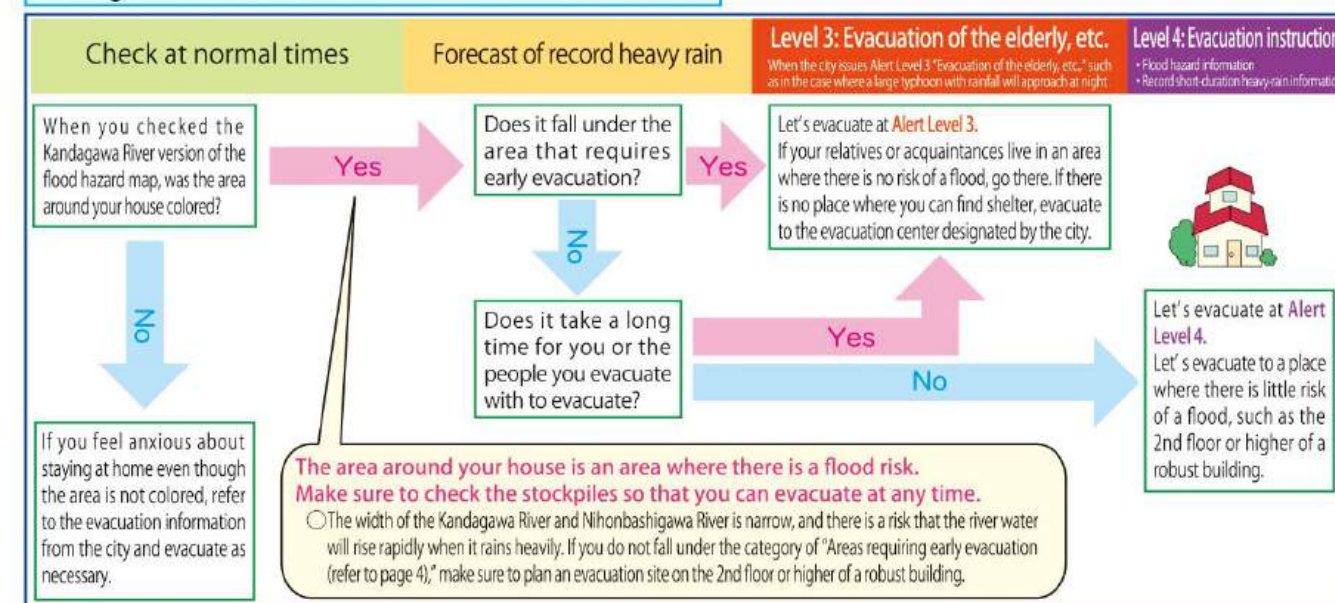
[Information sources]

- Disaster information: Chiyoda City Safety and Security Email
- General weather information: Japan Meteorological Agency website
- River water level information: (1) Chiyoda City River Information System (2) Lower Arakawa-River River-Office website

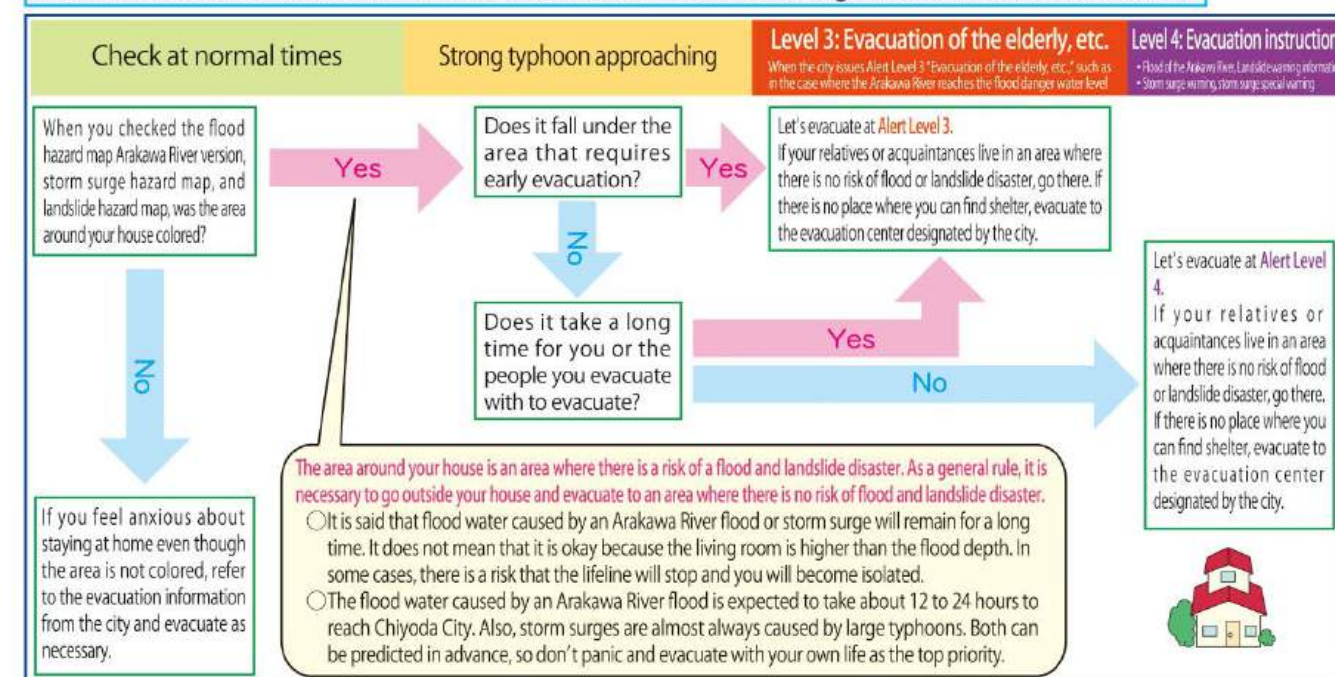


Let's check the evacuation behaviors together with the hazard map in case of flood damage such as from typhoons and heavy rain!

### Kandagawa River flood evacuation behavior decision flow



### Evacuation behavior decision flow for Arakawa River flood, storm surge flood, and landslide disaster



! "Evacuation" means "avoiding" "difficulties." People in safe places do not need to evacuate forcibly.

! The evacuation centers designated by the city are not the only place to evacuate. Consult with your relatives and acquaintances on a regular basis, and consider "evacuation to relatives' or acquaintances' houses."



# Flood Hazard Map

Kandagawa River version (flood depth)

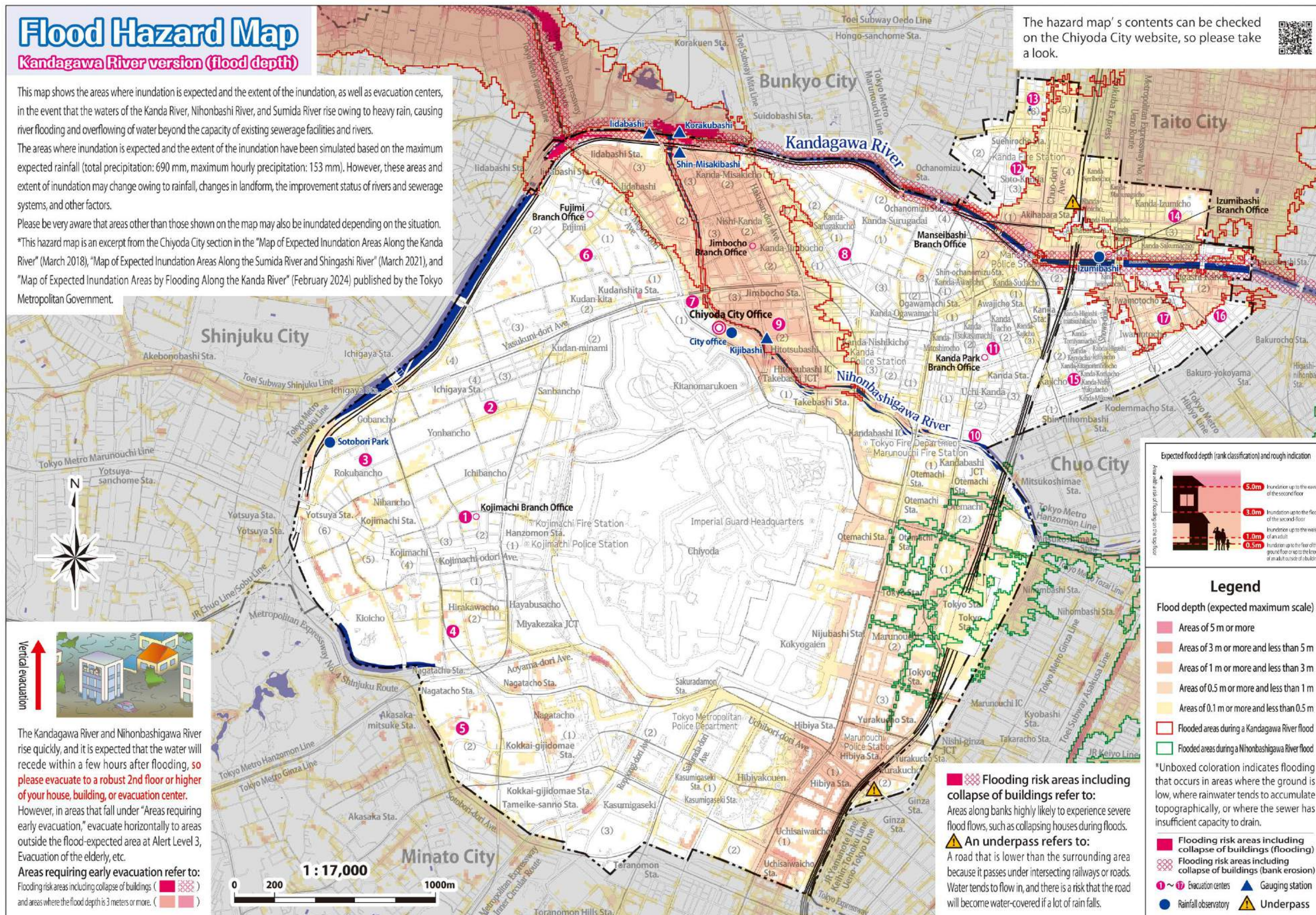
This map shows the areas where inundation is expected and the extent of the inundation, as well as evacuation centers, in the event that the waters of the Kanda River, Nihonbashi River, and Sumida River rise owing to heavy rain, causing river flooding and overflowing of water beyond the capacity of existing sewerage facilities and rivers.

The areas where inundation is expected and the extent of the inundation have been simulated based on the maximum expected rainfall (total precipitation: 690 mm, maximum hourly precipitation: 153 mm). However, these areas and extent of inundation may change owing to rainfall, changes in landform, the improvement status of rivers and sewerage systems, and other factors.

Please be very aware that areas other than those shown on the map may also be inundated depending on the situation.

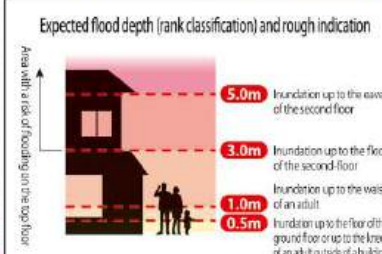
\*This hazard map is an excerpt from the Chiyoda City section in the "Map of Expected Inundation Areas Along the Kanda River" (March 2018), "Map of Expected Inundation Areas Along the Sumida River and Shingashi River" (March 2021), and "Map of Expected Inundation Areas by Flooding Along the Kanda River" (February 2024) published by the Tokyo Metropolitan Government.

The hazard map's contents can be checked on the Chiyoda City website, so please take a look.



The Kandagawa River and Nihonbashi River rise quickly, and it is expected that the water will recede within a few hours after flooding, **so please evacuate to a robust 2nd floor or higher of your house, building, or evacuation center.** However, in areas that fall under "Areas requiring early evacuation," evacuate horizontally to areas outside the flood-expected area at Alert Level 3, Evacuation of the elderly, etc.

**Areas requiring early evacuation refer to:**  
Flooded risk areas including collapse of buildings ( ) and areas where the flood depth is 3 meters or more. ( )



## Legend

Flood depth (expected maximum scale)

- Areas of 5 m or more
- Areas of 3 m or more and less than 5 m
- Areas of 1 m or more and less than 3 m
- Areas of 0.5 m or more and less than 1 m
- Areas of 0.1 m or more and less than 0.5 m
- Flooded areas during a Kandagawa River flood
- Flooded areas during a Nihonbashi River flood

\*Unboxed coloration indicates flooding that occurs in areas where the ground is low, where rainwater tends to accumulate topographically, or where the sewer has insufficient capacity to drain.

- Flooded risk areas including collapse of buildings (flooding)
- Flooded risk areas including collapse of buildings (bank erosion)
- 1~17 Evacuation centers
- ▲ Gauging station
- Rainfall observatory
- ⚠ Underpass

**Flooding risk areas including collapse of buildings refer to:**

Areas along banks highly likely to experience severe flood flows, such as collapsing houses during floods.

**⚠ An underpass refers to:**

A road that is lower than the surrounding area because it passes under intersecting railways or roads. Water tends to flow in, and there is a risk that the road will become water-covered if a lot of rain falls.



## Evacuation centers during floods (Kandagawa River, Nihonbashigawa River, Sumida River)

\*Evacuate to the 2nd floor or higher.  
\*Metropolitan Hibiya High School and Kudan Lifelong Learning Hall will not be opened promptly after a disaster.

No.	Facility name	Location	No.	Facility name	Location
①	Kojimachi Elem. Sch.	Kojimachi 2 - 8	⑩	City Sports Center	Uchi-Kanda 2 - 1 - 8
②	Kudan Elem. Sch.	Sanbancho 16	⑪	Kanda Sakura-kan	Kanda-Tsukasamachi 2-16
③	Bancho Elem. Sch.	Rokubancho 8	⑫	Shohei Domu-kan	Soto-Kanda 3 - 4 - 7
④	Kojimachi J. H. Sch.	Hirakawacho 2 - 5 - 1	⑬	Chiyoda Art Square (former Arts Chiyoda 3331)	Soto-Kanda 6 - 11 - 14
⑤	Metropolitan Hibiya High School	Nagatacho 2 - 16 - 1	⑭	Chiyoda Parkside Plaza	Kanda-Izumicho 1
⑥	Fujimi Mirai-kan	Fujimi 1 - 10 - 3	⑮	Former Imagawa Junior High School	Kajicho 2 - 4 - 2
⑦	Kudan Lifelong Learning Hall	Kudan-minami 1 - 5 - 10	⑯	Metropolitan Hitotsubashi High School	Higashi-Kanda 1 - 12 - 13
⑧	Ochanomizu Elem. Sch.	Kanda-Sarugakucho 1 - 1 - 1	⑰	Iwamotocho "Hohoemi" Plaza	Iwamotocho 2 - 15 - 3
⑨	Kanda Hitotsubashi J. H. Sch.	Hitotsubashi 2 - 6 - 14			

## Understand what an advisory or warning means.

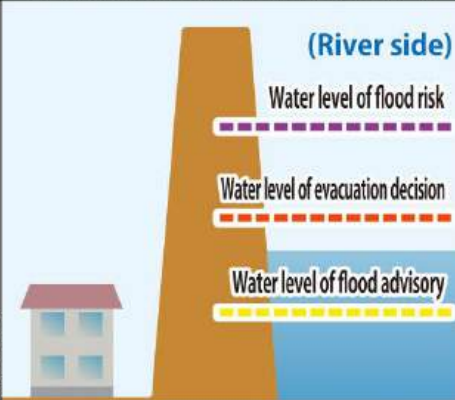
When there is a risk of disaster due to heavy rain, strong winds, or the like, the Japan Meteorological Agency issues "emergency warnings," "warnings," "advisories," and "information" according to the level of danger, and calls for caution and vigilance. Chiyoda City is sometimes referred to as "the western part of Tokyo's 23 cities" for TV broadcasting.

Name	Type	Announcement criteria
Emergency warning	Heavy rain, windstorm, blizzard, heavy snow, waves, storm surge	When the risk of a serious disaster is significantly increased
Warning	Heavy rain, flood, windstorm, blizzard, heavy snow, waves, storm surge	When there is a risk of serious disaster
Advisory	Heavy rain, flood, strong wind, wind and snow, heavy snow, waves, storm surge, thunder, snowmelt, dense fog, dry, avalanche, low temperature, frost, icing, snow accretion	When there is a risk of disaster
Information	Record short-time heavy-rain information, landslide disaster warning information, typhoon, atmospheric depression, heavy rain, heavy snow, little rain, long rain, yellow sand, etc.	When it is necessary to supplement advisories and warnings, and at other times

\*Advisories and warnings are to be announced approximately 3 to 6 hours before the forecasted phenomenon occurs. (However, in terms of short-term heavy rain, heavy rain warnings and advisories and flood warnings and advisories are to be announced approximately 2 to 3 hours in advance.)

## Behaviors to be taken by the city residents

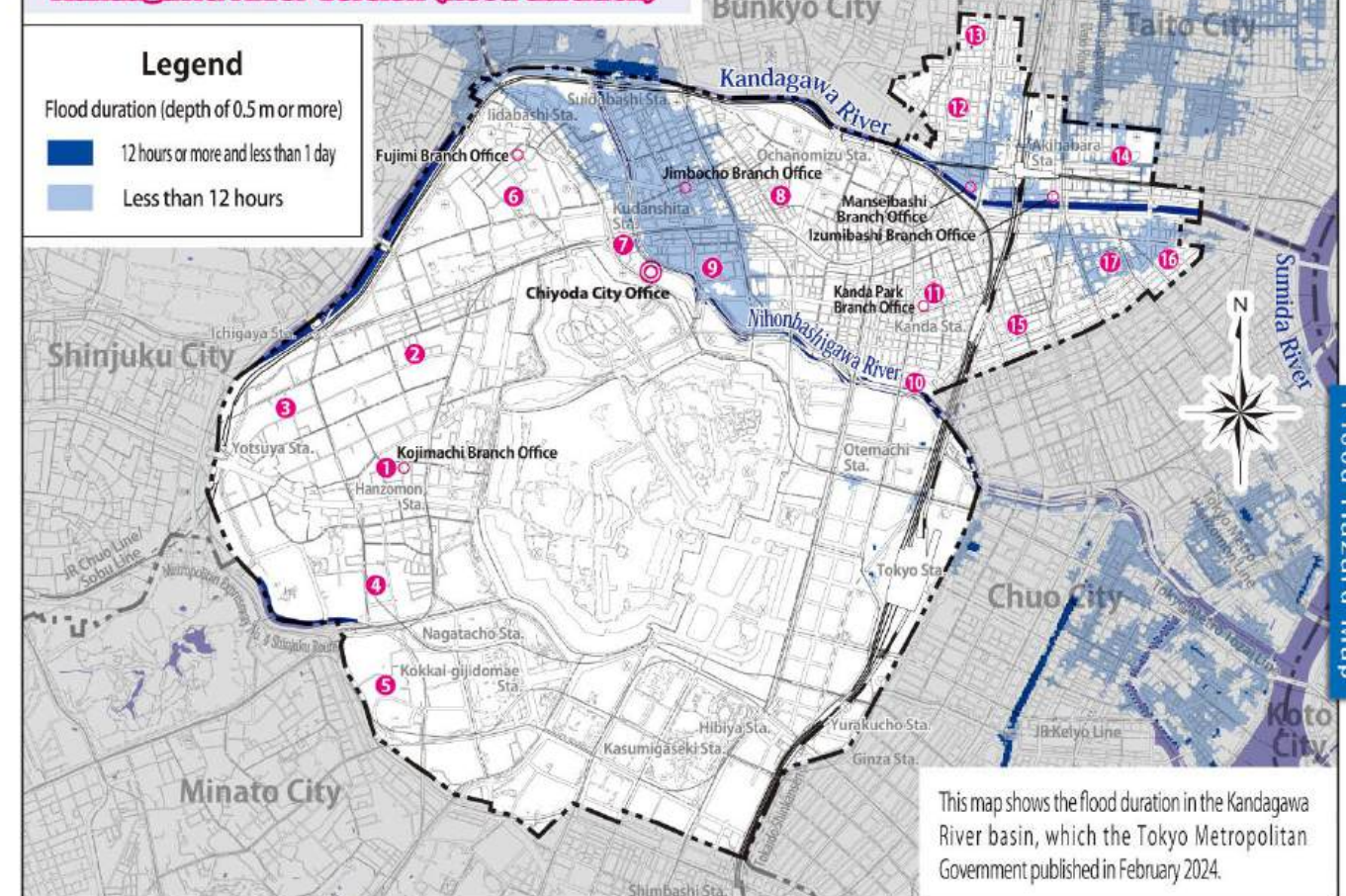
Chiyoda City issues the following types of evacuation information when it is determined that the risk of a disaster has increased. Evacuation information is not always issued in this order. In addition, even if these types of information are not issued, please check the latest weather information frequently and start evacuation if you fear for your safety.

Alert Level	Actions to be taken	Evacuation information, etc.	Water level used as criteria for the announcement of evacuation information, etc. (approximate)*
Alert Level 5	A disaster has already occurred or is imminent, so you must take immediate action to save lives, such as evacuating to the upper floors indoors. (Vertical evacuation, etc.)	Emergency safety ensuring *As it is not always possible to grasp the disaster situation with certainty, it is not always issued.	<div>Issued by Chiyoda City Japan Meteorological Agency announcements</div>  <p>(River side)</p> <p>Water level of flood risk</p> <p>Water level of evacuation decision</p> <p>Water level of flood advisory</p> <p>*The water level for criteria is just a guide. After comprehensively judging weather information such as the rain situation, the city issues evacuation information.</p>
~~~~~ <Be sure to evacuate by alert level 4!> ~~~~~			
Alert Level 4	Because of the high risk of a disaster, everyone must evacuate from dangerous places. (Horizontal evacuation, etc.)	Evacuation instructions	
Alert Level 3	The elderly, etc. start evacuation. Others prepare for evacuation.	Evacuation of the elderly	
Alert Level 2	Check evacuation behaviors in preparation for evacuation based on the hazard map.	Advisory	
Alert Level 1	Watch the weather forecasts, etc. and increase preparedness for disasters.	Early warning information (possibly alert level)	

\*The water level for criteria is just a guide. After comprehensively judging weather information such as the rain situation, the city issues evacuation information.

## Flood Hazard Map

Kandagawa River version (flood duration)



## Type and mechanism of flood

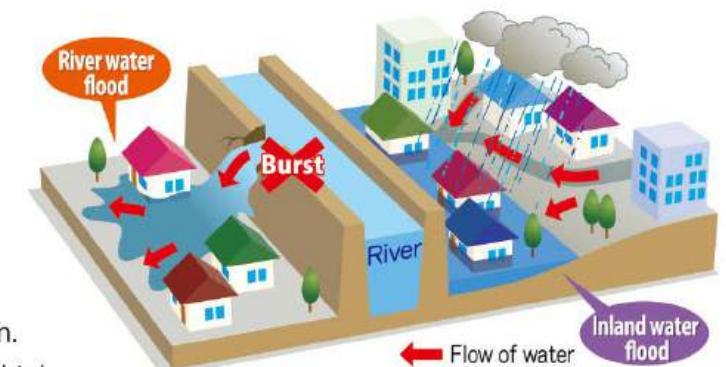
There are two major types of flood: "river water flood" and "inland water flood."

### River water flood

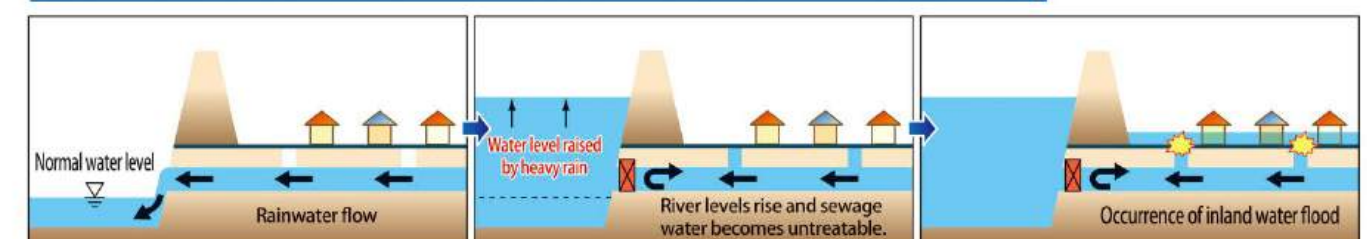
- Water overflows from the bank. • The bank breaks.

### Inland water flood

- The rain falls and gathers on the spot.
- It rains an amount greater than the sewer can drain.
- The water level of the river to drain water to is too high.



## Mechanism of flood damage occurrence (inland water flood)



At normal times, the water level of the river to drain water to is low, so rain is drained through sewers (storm sewers).

When a river rises due to heavy rain, the river water level rises, and when the water level exceeds the sewer (storm sewer) level, a backflow phenomenon occurs. Therefore, the sluice gate is closed to prevent backflow.

If the water level of the river does not fall, the running water in sewers (storm sewers) overflows, causing flood damage near the confluence. This is called an inland water flood.



# Flood Hazard Map

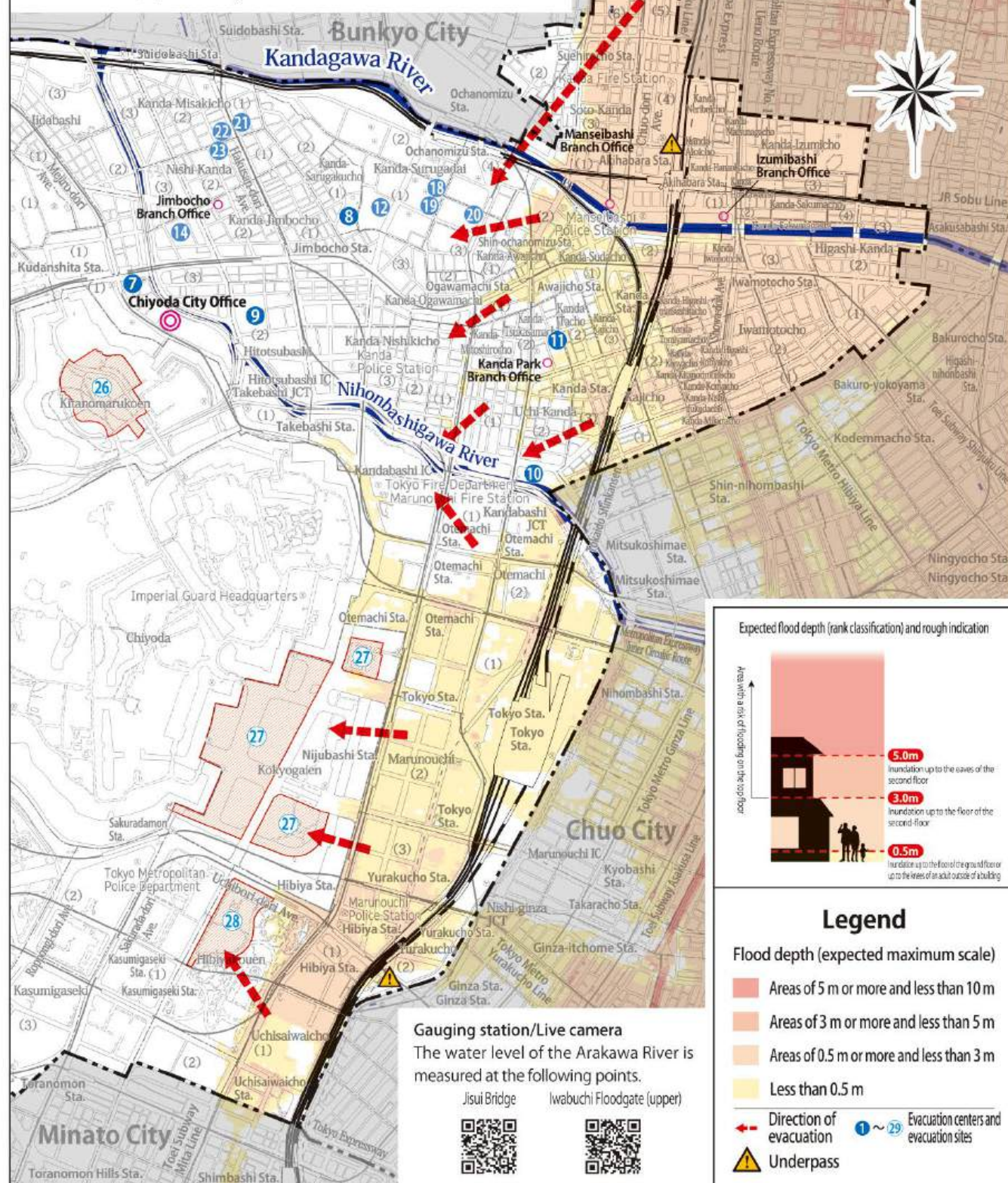
## Arakawa River version (flood depth)

Based on the flood inundation-expected area map of the Arakawa River system published by the Ministry of Land, Infrastructure, Transport and Tourism on May 30, 2016, this map shows the area where the banks of the Arakawa River break and the overflowing water floods the surface of the earth and the extent of the flood, as well as evacuation centers. The areas where a flood is expected and the extent of the flood are simulated based on the maximum assumable rainfall (72-hour total rainfall of 632 mm). However, even outside of the flood-expected areas shown on the map, a flood may occur depending on the circumstances, so please be very careful.

Because the flood duration is long, evacuate horizontally outside the flood-expected area.

1 : 20,000

0 200 1000m



## Evacuation centers and evacuation sites during floods (Arakawa River)

\*Metropolitan Hibiya High School and Kudan Lifelong Learning Hall will not be opened immediately after a disaster.

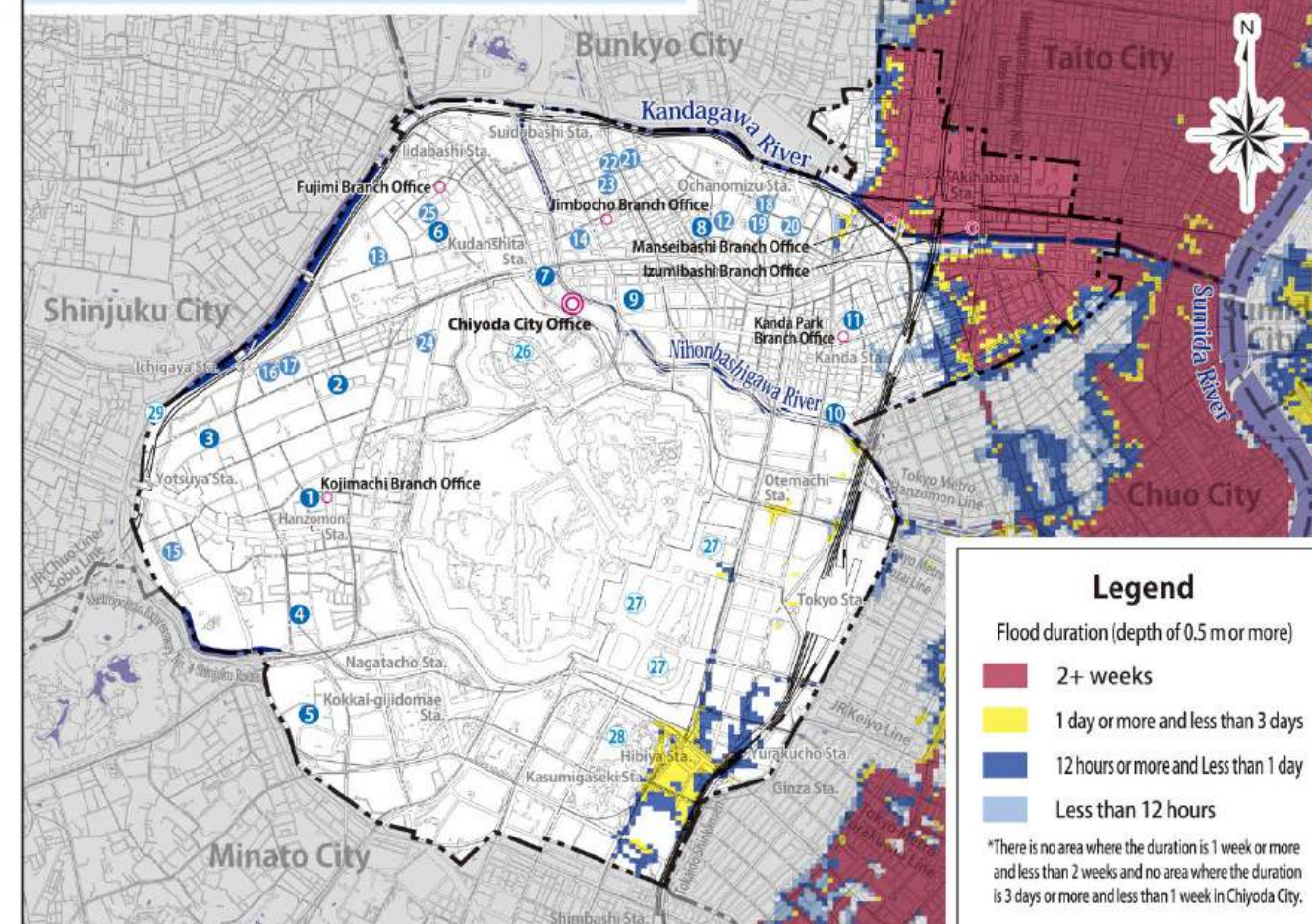
No.	Facility name	Location	No.	Facility name	Location
1	Kojimachi Elem. Sch.	Kojimachi 2-8	16	Nihon Univ. Hall	Kudan-minami 4-8-24
2	Kudan Elem. Sch.	Sanbancho 16	17	Nihon Univ. Distance Learning Division	Kudan-minami 4-8-28
3	Bancho Elem. Sch.	Rokubancho 8	18	Nihon Univ. School of Dentistry	Kanda-Surugadai 1-8-13
4	Kojimachi J. H. Sch.	Hirakawacho 2-5-1	19	Nihon Univ. College of Science and Technology (1)	Kanda-Surugadai 1-8-14
5	Metropolitan Hibiya High School	Nagatacho 2-16-1	20	Nihon Univ. College of Science and Technology (2)	Kanda-Surugadai 3-11-2
6	Fujimi Mirai-kan	Fujimi 1-10-3	21	Nihon Univ. College of Economics	Kanda-Misakicho 1-3-2
7	Kudan Lifelong Learning Hall	Kudan-minami 1-5-10	22	Nihon Univ. College of Law (1)	Kanda-Misakicho 2-1-3
8	Ochanomizu Elem. Sch.	Kanda-Surugakuchō 1-1-1	23	Nihon Univ. College of Law (2)	Nishi-Kanda 2-7-10
9	Kanda Hitotsubashi J. H. Sch.	Hitotsubashi 2-6-14	24	Nishogakusha Univ.	Sanbancho 6-16
10	City Sports Center	Uchi-Kanda 2-1-8	25	Nippon Dental Univ.	Fujimi 1-9-20
11	Kanda Sakura-kan	Kanda-Tsukasamachi 2-16	26	Kitanomaru Park	Kitanomaru-koen 1, etc.
12	Meiji Univ.	Kanda-Surugadai 1-1	27	Kokyo Gaien	Kokyogaien 1, etc.
13	Hosei Univ.	Fujimi 2-15-3	28	Metropolitan Hibiya Park	Hibiya-koen 1
14	Senshu Univ.	Kanda-Jimbocho 3-8	29	Sotobori Park	Gobanchosaki
15	Sophia Univ.	Kioicho 7-1			

# Flood Hazard Map

## Arakawa River version (flood duration)

1 : 36,000

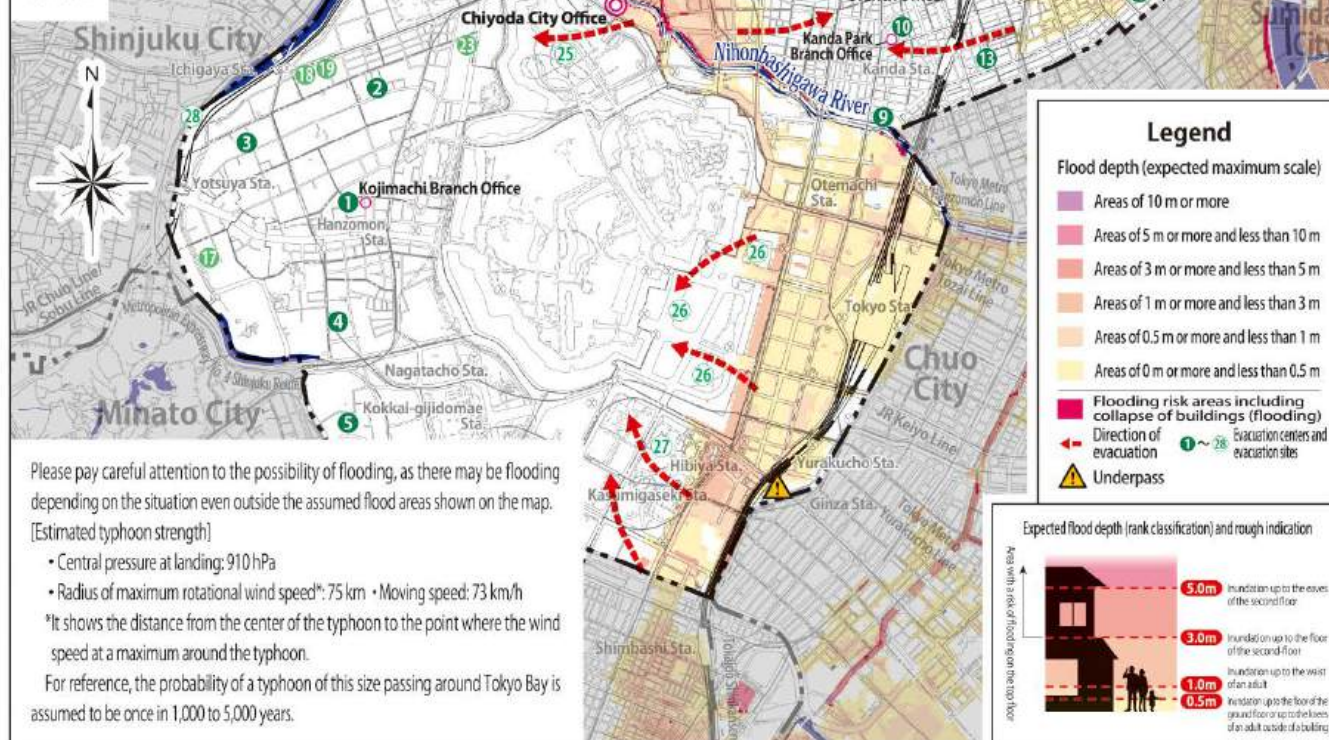
0 400 2000m





## Storm Surge Hazard Map (flood depth)

Based on the areas designated by the Tokyo Metropolitan Government on December 19, 2024, this map shows the areas along the Tokyo Bay coast where flooding due to the largest storm surge is expected to occur from beaches and rivers (assumed storm surge flood areas), the depth and duration of flood, and the evacuation centers.

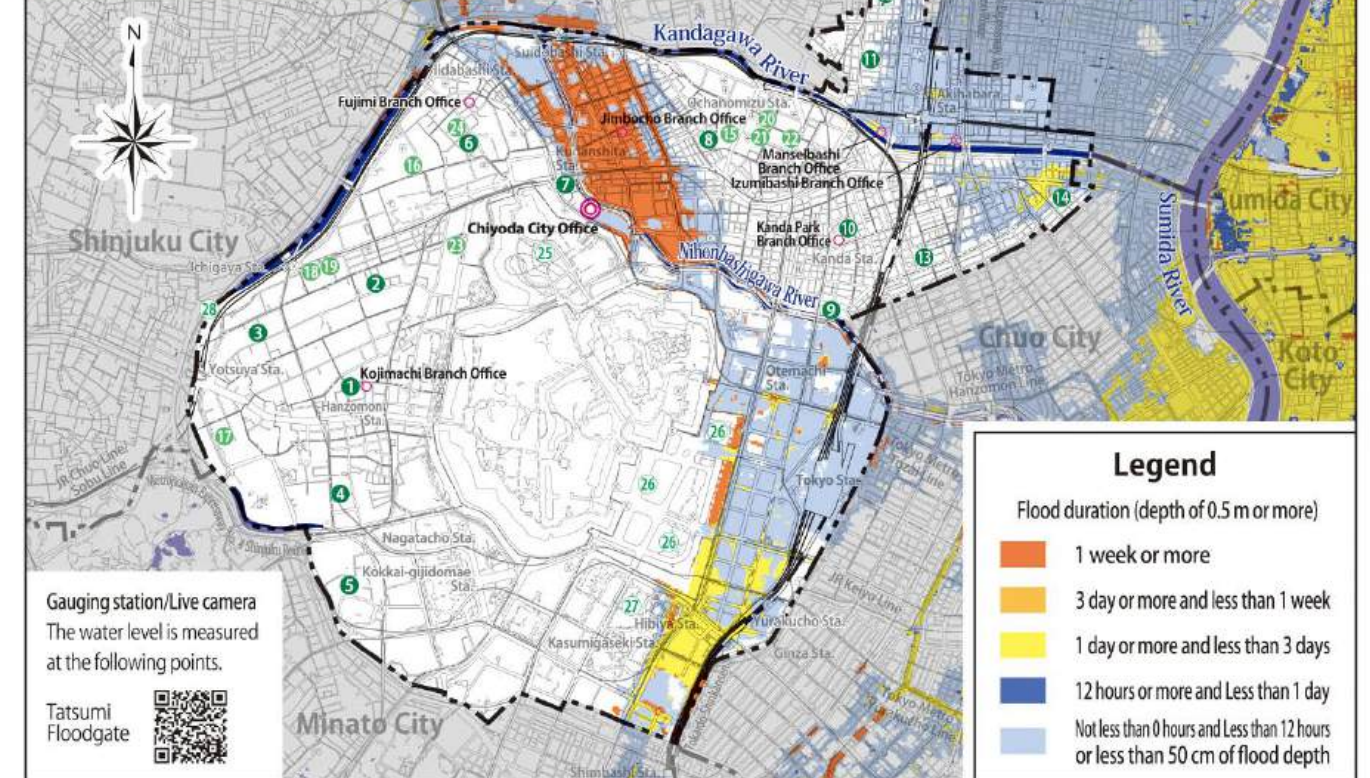


### Evacuation centers and evacuation sites at a storm surge occurrence

\*Metropolitan Hibiya High School and Kudan Lifelong Learning Hall will not be opened immediately after a disaster.

No.	Facility name	Location	No.	Facility name	Location
①	Kojimachi Elem. Sch.	Kojimachi 2-8	⑮	Meiji Univ.	Kanda-Surugadai 1-1
②	Kudan Elem. Sch.	Sanbancho 16	⑯	Hosei Univ.	Fujimi 2-15-3
③	Bancho Elem. Sch.	Rokubancho 8	⑰	Sophia Univ.	Kioicho 7-1
④	Kojimachi J. H. Sch.	Hirakawacho 2-5-1	⑱	Nihon Univ. Hall	Kudan-minami 4-8-24
⑤	Metropolitan Hibiya High School	Nagatacho 2-16-1	⑲	Nihon Univ. Distance Learning Division	Kudan-minami 4-8-28
⑥	Fujimi Mirai-kan	Fujimi 1-10-3	⑳	Nihon Univ. School of Dentistry	Kanda-Surugadai 1-8-13
⑦	Kudan Lifelong Learning Hall	Kudan-minami 1-5-10	㉑	Nihon Univ. College of Science and Technology (1)	Kanda-Surugadai 1-8-14
⑧	Ochanomizu Elem. Sch.	Kanda-Sarugakuchō 1-1-1	㉒	Nihon Univ. College of Science and Technology (2)	Kanda-Surugadai 3-11-2
⑨	City Sports Center	Uchi-Kanda 2-1-8	㉓	Nishogakusha Univ.	Sanbancho 6-16
⑩	Kanda Sakura-kan	Kanda-Tsukasamachi 2-16	㉔	Nippon Dental Univ.	Fujimi 1-9-20
⑪	Shohei Domu-kan	Soto-Kanda 3-4-7	㉕	Kitanomaru Park	Kitanomaru Park 1, etc.
⑫	Chiyoda Art Square (former Arts Chiyoda 3331) *It cannot be used due to renovation work.	Soto-Kanda 6-11-14	㉖	Kokyo Gaen	Kokyogaien 1, etc.
⑬	Former Imagawa Junior High School	Kajicho 2-4-2	㉗	Metropolitan Hibiya Park	Hibiya Park 1
⑭	Metropolitan Hitotsubashi High School	Higashi-Kanda 1-12-13	㉘	Sotobori Park	Gobanchosaki

## Storm Surge Hazard Map (flood duration)



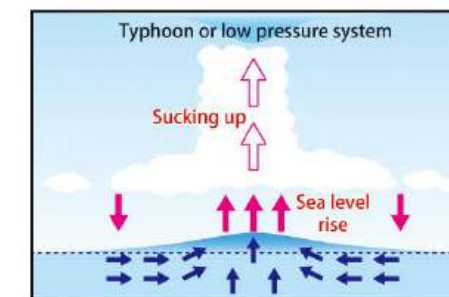
### Mechanism of storm surge occurrence

There are two main factors that cause storm surges.

#### 1. Sea surface suction due to atmospheric depression

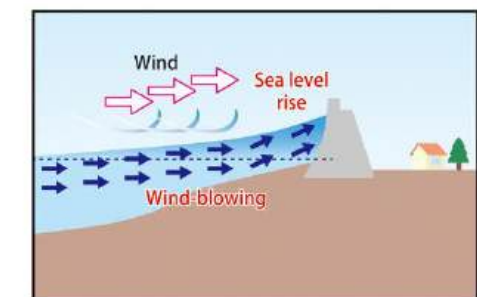
Because the central pressure of typhoons or low pressure systems is lower than that of the surrounding area, the surrounding air pushes against the sea surface, and the air near the center acts to suck up the sea surface, resulting in a rise in the sea level.

When the pressure drops by 1 hectopascal (hPa), the sea level rises by about 1 centimeter.



#### 2. Seawater pushed by wind

When the strong winds associated with typhoons blow from offshore toward the coast, the winds push seawater onshore, causing sea levels near the coast to rise abnormally. The shallower the water depth, the stronger the wind-blowing acts and the more likely a storm surge is to occur.



#### Why does storm surge damage occur even in areas far from the sea?

Due to sea level rise caused by storm surge, the water level of rivers in Chiyoda City also rises. Then the water level rise caused by rainfall from a large typhoon is added to this, flooding damage is assumed when rivers cannot handle the rainfall and overflow. Even in Chiyoda City, there is a possibility of overtopping due to the rising water level of Kandagawa River and Nihonbashigawa River.

In addition, since water flows in from Tokyo Bay beyond the revetment, damage by wave overtopping is also expected on the south side of the city.





# Sediment Disaster Hazard Map

This map shows the "Sediment Disaster Warning Area, etc." designated by the Tokyo Metropolitan Government on September 26, 2019, based on the Sediment Disaster Countermeasures Act\*, and also the evacuation centers for Sediment disasters. The designation may be canceled when the danger is no longer present. Please check the city website for the latest designation status.  
\*The formal name is the "Act on Sediment Disaster Countermeasures for Sediment Disaster Prone Areas."



## What are the Sediment Disaster Warning Area and the Sediment Disaster Special Warning Area?

### Designation criteria of the Sediment Disaster Warning Area (Yellow zone)

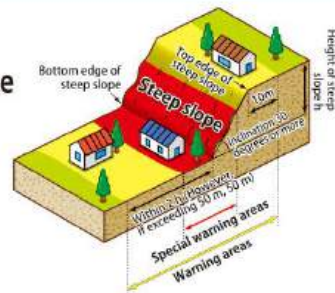
Areas designated according to criteria based on the topography and falling under the following:

- Areas with a slope of 30 degrees or more and a height of 5 meters or more
- Areas within a horizontal distance of 10 meters from the top edge of steep slopes
- Areas within 2 times the height of the steep slopes from the bottom edge of the steep slopes (up to 50 meters)

### Designation criteria of the Sediment Disaster Special Warning Area (Red zone)

Areas where, in the event of the collapse of steep slopes, the movement of earth, stones, etc., could damage buildings and cause serious harm to the lives or bodies of residents

### Collapse of steep slope (landslide)

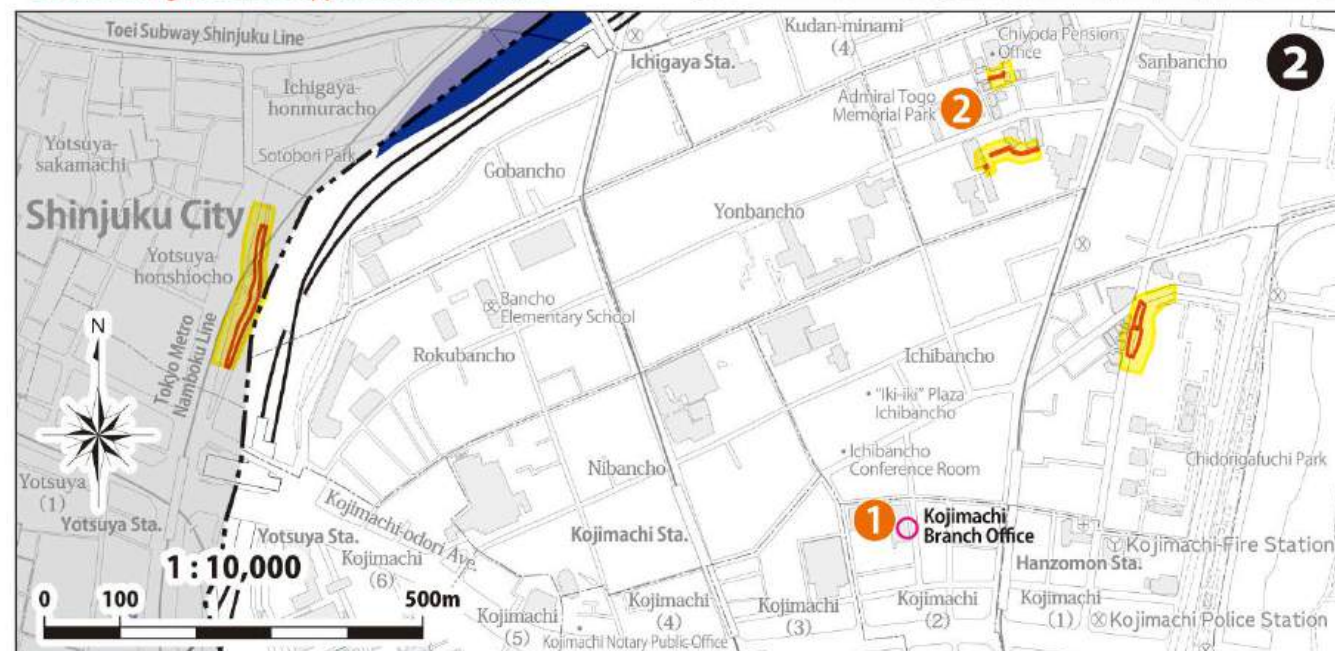
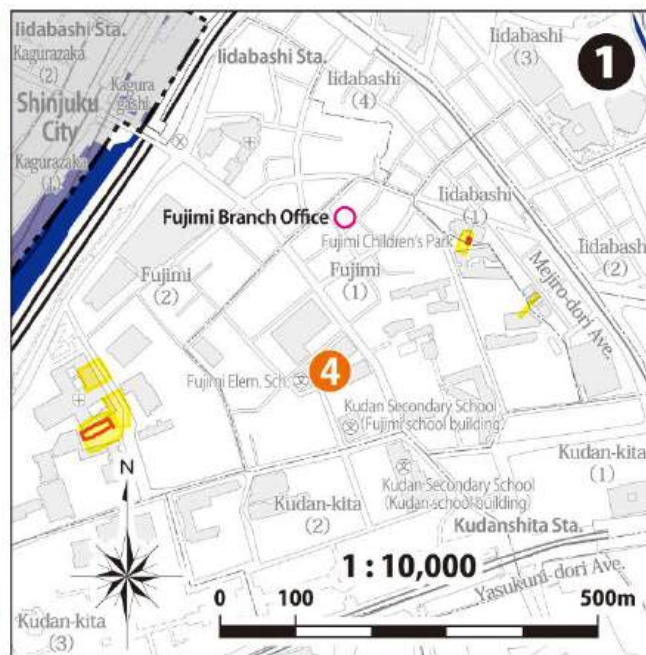


\*When a heavy rain warning (landslide disaster) is announced, the Sediment Disaster Warning Areas of the city parks becomes off-limits.

### What is a landslide?

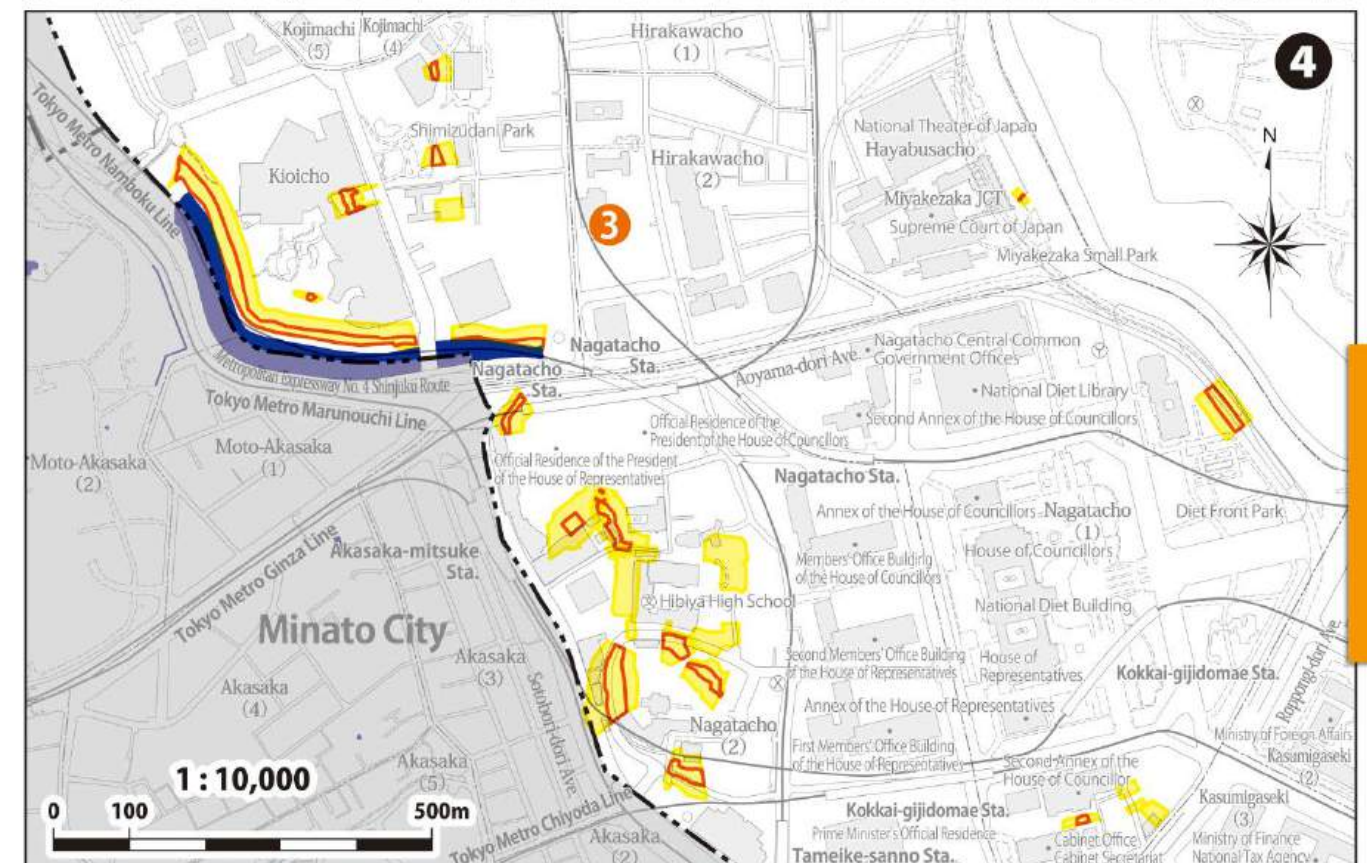
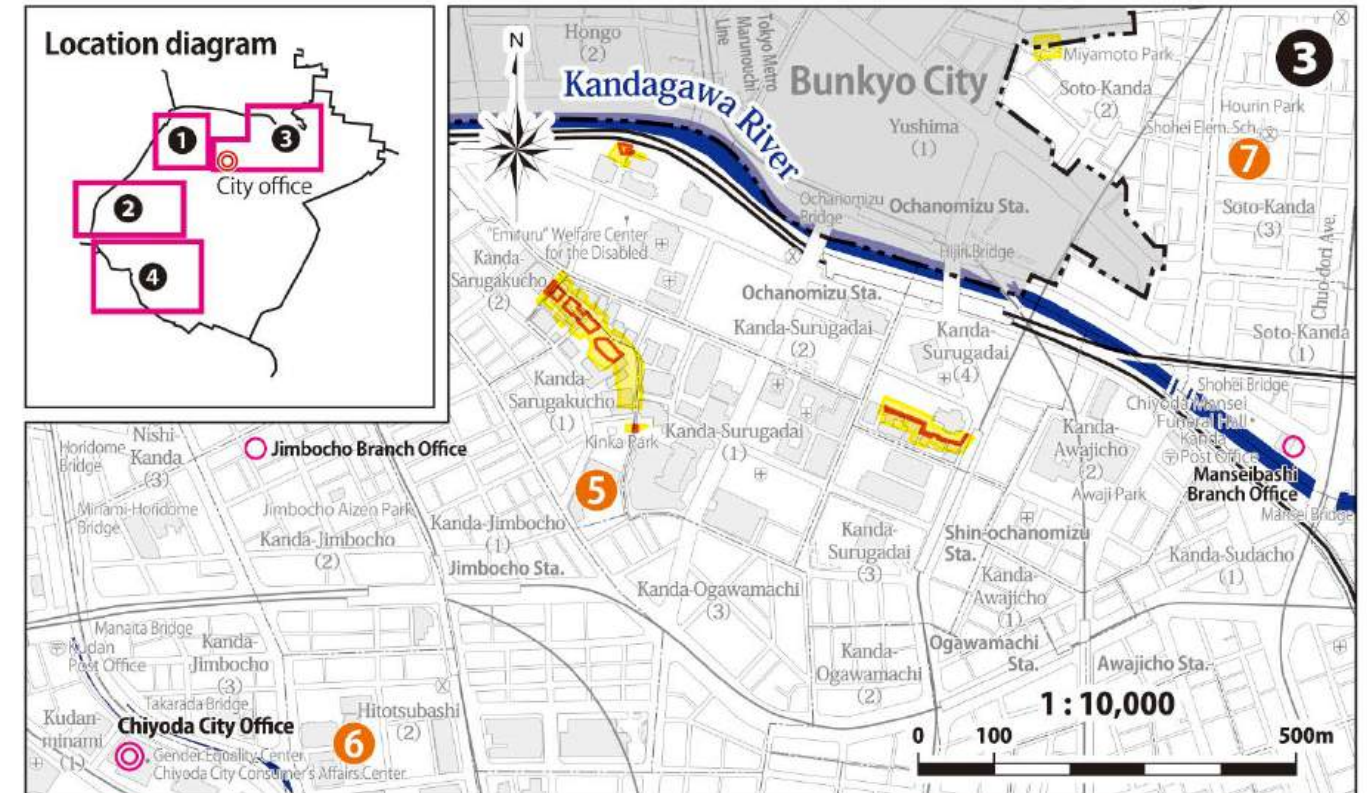
It is a phenomenon caused when moisture penetrates into the ground, weakening the soil's resistance and causing the slope to collapse suddenly due to the impact of rain or earthquakes.

There are three kinds of Sediment disasters, namely slope failure, debris flow, and landslide, and only slope failure is designated by Chiyoda City.



## Evacuation centers during Sediment disaster

No.	Facility name	Location	No.	Facility name	Location
①	Kojimachi Elem. Sch.	Kojimachi 2 - 8	⑤	Ochanomizu Elem. Sch.	Kanda-Sarugakucho 1 - 1 - 1
②	Kudan Elem. Sch.	Sanbancho 16	⑥	Kanda Hitotsubashi J. H. Sch.	Hitotsubashi 2 - 6 - 14
③	Kojimachi J. H. Sch.	Hirakawacho 2 - 5 - 1	⑦	Shohei Doumu-kan	Soto-Kanda 3 - 4 - 7
④	Fujimi Mirai-kan	Fujimi 1 - 10 - 3			





## My Timeline of my family

Unlike disasters that cannot be predicted such as earthquakes, wind and flood damage such as typhoons are disasters that can be predicted in advance to some extent.

To protect precious lives, instead of taking action after a disaster occurs, prepare for a disaster by creating an action plan (My Timeline) in advance!

<b>Applicable disaster</b>	<input type="checkbox"/> Kandagawa River flood <input type="checkbox"/> Arakawa River flood <input type="checkbox"/> Storm Surge <input type="checkbox"/> Sediment Disaster
----------------------------	-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------



Be sure to consider your pet's evacuation plan!

This sheet can be downloaded from the city website, so please use it!



<b>Assumed flood depth</b>	<b>flood duration</b>	<b>Evacuation site</b>
m		

Weather information and evacuation information	To 3 days before Typhoon occurrence		2 days before Typhoon approach		1 day before Typhoon approach		The day Typhoon landfall and closest approach	Occurrence of disaster Direct hit of typhoon	Remarks
	Equivalent to Alert Level 1		Equivalent to Alert Level 2		Equivalent to Alert Level 3		Alert Level 4 Evacuation instructions	Alert Level 5 Emergency safety ensuring	
Names of family members	Typhoon forecast Early warning information		Heavy rain advisory Flood advisory Storm surge advisory		Heavy rain warning Flood warning Storm surge advisory (likely to switch to warning)		Equivalent to Alert Level 4 Landslide warning information Storm surge warning and storm surge special warning	*Let's write down actions to protect your life in case you fail to escape. Equivalent to Alert Level 5 Heavy rain emergency warning	Please write down anything about the cautionary notes of each family member's behavior!
	Example of description (for Arakawa River flood) Sakura (mother) <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Check the weather information.</li> <li>Contact relatives at the evacuation site.</li> </ul>		• Check items to be taken in case of emergency. • Bring potted plants, laundry poles, etc., inside.		• Fill a bathtub with water. • Prepare water bags.		• Start evacuation to the relative's (uncle's) house.	• Evacuate to the 2nd floor or higher of the apartment where we live!	
Names of family members	Example of description (for Arakawa River flood) Aoi (child, junior high school student) <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Consult between family members about response to typhoon.</li> <li>Check evacuation sites.</li> </ul>		• Treat windows of the house. • Prepare a pet cage. • Check the planned suspension of public transportation service.		• Prepare cash. • Check the service status of public transportation.		• Start evacuation to the relative's (uncle's) house (evacuation with pets).	• Pay close attention to the weather information.	• If we cannot get to the relative's (uncle's) house, we will evacuate to the ○○ elementary school.  • If I evacuate when my family members are away, I will evacuate with my friend △△ in the same apartment.
Names of family members									
Names of family members									
Names of family members									

Name	Cell phone numbers of family members	Name	Companies and schools your family members belong to

<b>Disaster prevention memo</b>	For our family, we start evacuating when it becomes [ ]!!
	If we get separated from family members, meet at [ ]!!
	Items to be taken in case of emergency <input type="checkbox"/> Water <input type="checkbox"/> Emergency food <input type="checkbox"/> Charger <input type="checkbox"/> Everyday medicine <input type="checkbox"/> Cash <input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/>



## Disaster prevention-related organizations

Facility name	Telephone No.
Chiyoda City Office	3264-2111
Kojimachi Police Station	3234-0110
Marunouchi Police Station	3213-0110
Kanda Police Station	3295-0110
Manseibashi Police Station	3257-0110
Marunouchi Fire Station	3215-0119
Kojimachi Fire Station	3264-0119
Kanda Fire Station	3257-0119
Tokyo Metropolitan Government 1st Construction Office	3542-0682
Waterworks Bureau Chiyoda Office	5298-5351
Sewerage Bureau Chubu Sewerage Office	3270-8317
TEPCO Power Grid, Incorporated	0120-995-007
Tokyo Gas Customer Center	0570-002211
NTT East Corp. (General Information)	116

## Emergency medical facilities

Disaster base hospital	
Facility name	Location
Nihon University Hospital	Kanda-Surugadai 1-6
Mitsui Memorial Hospital	Kanda-Izumicho 1
Disaster base cooperation hospitals	
Facility name	Location
Tokyo Teishin Hospital	Fujimi 2-14-23
Sanraku Hospital	Kanda-Surugadai 2-5
Disaster medical support hospitals	
Facility name	Location
Kyoundo Hospital	Kanda-Surugadai 1-8
Nihon University School of Dentistry Dental Hospital	Kanda-Surugadai 1-8-13
Inoue Eye Hospital	Kanda-Surugadai 4-3
Kamio Memorial Hospital	Kanda-Awajicho 2-25
Tokyo Dental College Suidobashi Hospital	Kanda-Misakicho 2-9-18
Hamada Hospital (Obstetrics and Gynecology)	Kanda-Surugadai 2-5
Meiwa Hospital (Dialysis)	Kanda-Sudacho 1-18
Kudanzaka Hospital	Kudan-minami 1-6-12
Hanzomon Hospital (Dialysis)	Kojimachi 1-10
Nippon Dental University Hospital	Fujimi 2-3-16

## List of evacuation centers and sites

Facility name	Location	Kojimachi fire	Arakawa River	Storm surge	Seismic shock
Kojimachi Elem. Sch.	Kojimachi 2-8	1	1	1	1
Kudan Elem. Sch.	Sanbancho 16	2	2	2	2
Bancho Elem. Sch.	Rokubancho 8	3	3	3	×
Kojimachi J. H. Sch.	Hirakawacho 2-5-1	4	4	4	3
Metropolitan Hibiya High School	Nagatacho 2-16-1	5	5	5	×
Fujimi Mirai-kan	Fujimi 1-10-3	6	6	6	4
Kudan Lifelong Learning Hall	Kudan-minami 1-5-10	7	7	7	×
Ochanomizu Elem. Sch.	Kanda-Sarugakuchō 1-1-1	8	8	8	5
Kanda Hitotsubashi J. H. Sch.	Hitotsubashi 2-6-14	9	9	×	6
City Sports Center	Uchi-Kanda 2-1-8	10	10	9	×
Kanda Sakura-kan	Kanda-Tsukasamachi 2-16	11	11	10	×
Shohei Domu-kan	Soto-Kanda 3-4-7	12	×	11	7
Chiyoda Art Square (former Arts Chiyoda 3331) <small>*It cannot be used due to renovation work.</small>	Soto-Kanda 6-11-14	13	×	12	×
Chiyoda Parkside Plaza	Kanda-Izumicho 1	14	×	×	×
Former Imagawa Junior High School	Kajicho 2-4-2	15	×	13	×
Metropolitan Hitotsubashi High School	Higashi-Kanda 1-12-13	16	×	14	×
Iwamotocho "Hohoemi" Plaza	Iwamotocho 2-15-3	17	×	×	×
Meiji Univ.	Kanda-Surugadai 1-1	×	12	15	×
Hosei Univ.	Fujimi 2-15-3	×	13	16	×
Senshu Univ.	Kanda-Jimbocho 3-8	×	14	×	×
Sophia Univ.	Kioicho 7-1	×	15	17	×
Nihon Univ. Hall	Kudan-minami 4-8-24	×	16	18	×
Nihon Univ. Distance Learning Division	Kudan-minami 4-8-28	×	17	19	×
Nihon Univ. School of Dentistry	Kanda-Surugadai 1-8-13	×	18	20	×
Nihon Univ. College of Science and Technology (1)	Kanda-Surugadai 1-8-14	×	19	21	×
Nihon Univ. College of Science and Technology (2)	Kanda-Surugadai 3-11-2	×	20	22	×
Nihon Univ. College of Economics	Kanda-Misakicho 1-3-2	×	21	×	×
Nihon Univ. College of Law (1)	Kanda-Misakicho 2-1-3	×	22	×	×
Nihon Univ. College of Law (2)	Nishi-Kanda 2-7-10	×	23	×	×
Nishogakusha Univ.	Sanbancho 6-16	×	24	23	×
Nippon Dental Univ.	Fujimi 1-9-20	×	25	24	×
Kitanomaru Park	Kitanomaru-koen 1, etc.	×	26	25	×
Kokyo Gaen	Kokyogaen 1, etc.	×	27	26	×
Metropolitan Hibiya Park	Hibiya-koen 1	×	28	27	×
Sotobori Park	Gobanchosaki	×	29	28	×

\*Metropolitan Hibiya High School and Kudan Lifelong Learning Hall will not be opened immediately after a disaster.